





#### Embassy of the Republic of the Sudan-Athens

## Sudan, The Land of Opportunities

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## □ Sudan at glance

#### location and surface

Sudan is located in North-East Africa and occupies an area of 1,865,813 square kilometers. It is the third largest country in Africa after Algeria and the Democratic Republic of the Congo, the third in the Arab world after Algeria and Saudi Arabia, and the sixteenth worldwide. (the largest in the Arab world and Africa before the secession of the South).



#### people

Nationality: Sudanese

Population: 40 million (in 2015)

Ethnic Groups: Sudanese Arab (approximately 70%), Fur, Beja, Nubba,

and Fallata.

Religions: Islam (official), small Christian minority. Languages: Arabic (official), Nubian, Fur, English.

Literacy: 76% (Est)

► GDP 95,098 Billions US dollars

## Climate

Desert and savanna in the north and central regions and tropical in the south.



## ☐ Investment opportunities in Sudan

Agriculture



▶ Agriculture production is the cornerstone to Sudan's economy. The country is blessed with a wealth of 300-400 million feddans of fertile land. This sector employs over 80% of the work force and accounts for nearly 40% of the Gross Domestic Product.





#### Water Resources

Water resources in Sudan consist of rainwater, rivers, surface and deep underground water. There is heavy rainfall in the south and the middle of the country. The north is arid but rich with enormous underground water reserves.

According to the Nile Basin Water Agreement of 1959, Sudan's share of the Nile's water is about 18.5 billion cubic meters per year, but Sudan is using only 12.2 billion c/metres out of its share. The total seasonal inflow of water is around 3.3 billion c/metres.



## ► Agriculture products:

Cotton, groundnuts, sorghum, millet, wheat, gum arabic, sugarcane, cassava (tapioca), mangos, papaya, bananas, sweet potatoes, sesame









































## Cultivation of alfalfa







## Arabic Gum

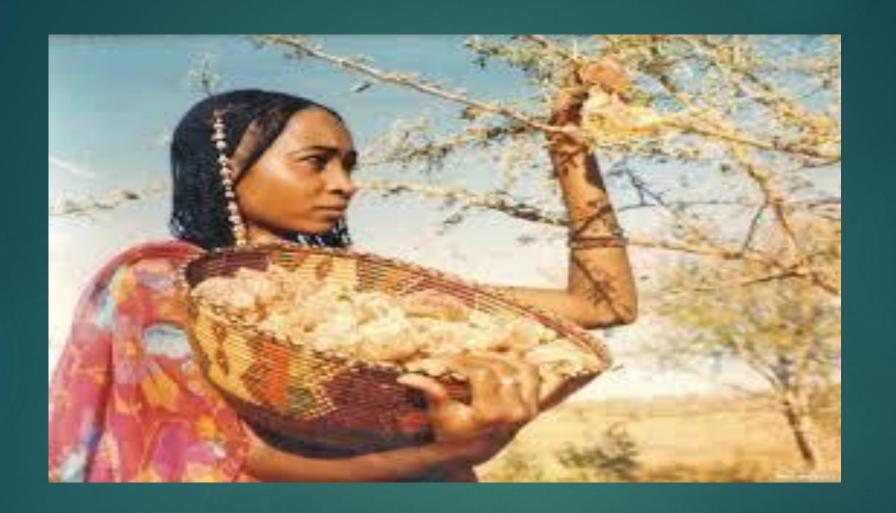












## ► Natural resources:

Petroleum; small reserves of iron ore, copper, chromium ore, zinc, tungsten, mica, silver, gold, hydropower.



# Copper and Silver







#### **▶** Industries:

Oil, cotton ginning, textiles, cement, edible oils, sugar, soap distilling, shoes, petroleum refining, pharmaceuticals, armaments, automobile/light truck assembly.



# Giad industrial Group



The Group rests on divers and robust technological and industrial capabilities which include; Competent human resources. , Advanced engineering and industrial capabilities





## Kenana





مصدر أخضسر متجدد للغسداء والطساقة RENEWABLE GREEN SOURCE OF FOOD & ENERGY















Exports - commodities: gold; oil and petroleum products; cotton, sesame, livestock, peanuts, gum Arabic, sugar.

▶ Imports - commodities: foodstuffs, manufactured goods, refinery and transport equipment, medicines, chemicals, textiles, wheat

## Tourism in Sudan

▶ Sudan has an enormous potential for tourism. It could very easily become one of the world's top destinations for people who appreciate ancient Relics and folklores that constitute the very cradle of civilization. Whether it be archaeological finds, the surpassing natural scenery, arts or rich folklore, Sudan is undoubtedly amongst the leaders in the world.

## Sudan in World Heritage List of UNESCO

Gebel Barkal and Musawarat the Sites of the Napatan Region

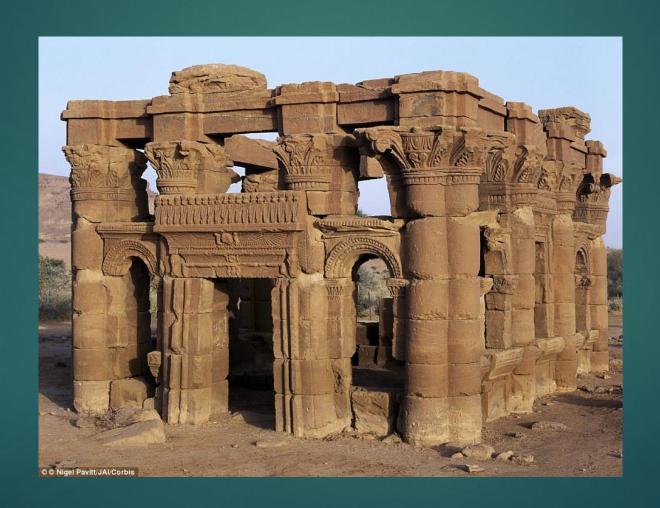
These archaeological sites, stretching over more than 60 km in the Nile valley, are testimony to the Napatan (900 to 270 BC) and Meroitic (270 BC to 350 AD) cultures, of the second kingdom of Kush. Tombs, with and without pyramids, temples, living complexes and palaces, are to be found on the site. Since Antiquity, the hill of Gebel Barkal has been strongly associated with religious traditions and folklore. The largest temples are still considered by the local people as sacred places.

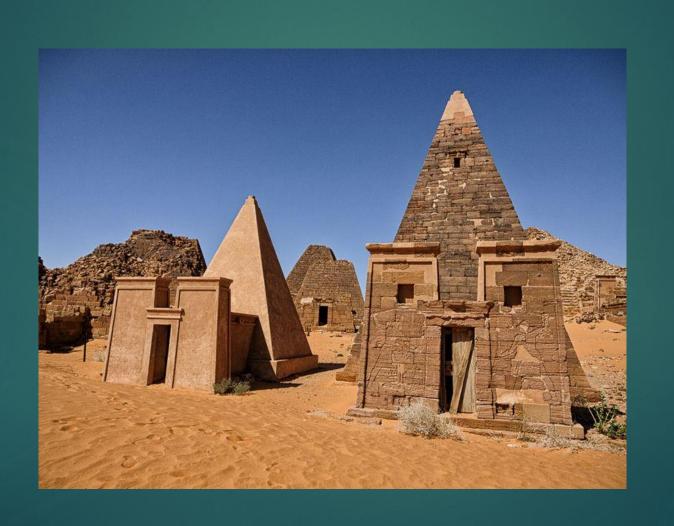
















# Sanganeb Marine National Park and Dungonab Bay

















#### Livestock

This sector contributed 21% of total national production in 2002. Live animals, meat and leather contribute a considerable share to exports. The fish reserves is estimated at 110 thousand tons in the coastal and interior waters, while up to 9 thousand tons are estimated to be in the deep waters of the Red Sea, which can also be used for investment. There are also large stocks of wild animals and birds that can be of great interest to tourism.

The most important importer countries of red meat are Saudi Arabia, Libya, Jordan, Egypt, U.A.E



#### Leather tanning







#### Meat Industry

Sudan, due to its location, vast area, and variety of climates, is endowed with huge animal resources. They were judged to be around 132 million head in 2002, with details as follows:

- 39.4 million head of cows.
- 48 million head of sheep.
- 41.3 million head of goats.
- 3.3 million head of camels

## Diary product









# Transportation: airplanes

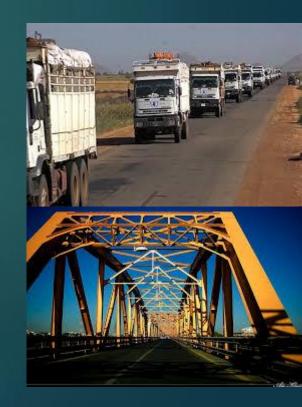






#### buses





ships





there are several land entrances linking Sudan with its neighbouring countries.



#### Laws and regulations

- Investment Law
- ► <u>Free Zones Law</u>
- ▶ Investor's Guide

#### For more information

- Websites to visit:
- http://www.sudaninvest.org
- http://www.iec.gov.sd
- http://www.customs.gov.sd
- https://www.moj.gov.sd/sudanlaws
- http://www.minv.gov.sd
- http://www.mocit.gov.sd

## The end

## Thank you for your attention

