

UNITED ARAB EMIRATES



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Brief History





- Until 1960s: Sheikdoms under British protection.
- Breakthrough: Oil
- 1971: Establishment of a Federal State by 7 Emirates (Abu Dhabi, Dubai, Sharjah, Ajman, Ras Al-Khaimah, Fujairah, Umm Al-Quwain).

Today:

- The oil sector represents 25% of the country's GDP.
- UAE Hydrocarbons :
- 6% of world oil reserves,
- 3,3% of world natural gas reserves.
- -Regional trade & financial hub.

Strategy - Vision UAE

- α) Development policies focusing on green energy (including nuclear) and on attracting investment in industrial sectors with high added value
- b) Investments in infrastructure and construction, tourism, trade and agricultural production within and outside the UAE, through Sovereign Wealth Funds of Abu Dhabi and Dubai

Main Target: Drastic reduction of dependence on oil and Diversification of the economy through:

- c) Use of new technologies: biotechnology, genetic engineering, space economy
- d) Transition to the digital economy:
 digital technologies
 (crypto/metaverse), artificial
 intelligence, 'smart cities'



GDP UAE: Growth 2020-2022

2020: The UAE economy has been adversely affected by the pandemic, due to the decline in trade, tourism and low oil prices.

2021: The economy recovered, without returning to 2019 levels.

2022: Recovery continued at a faster pace due to favorable international developments (GDP +7,5%).





UAE International Trade 2021 (% of Total)

Exports

425 bn USD (Greece: 47 bn)

• Petroleum products (51%), precious stones, metals and jewelry (15%), electrical equipment and materials (8%), mechanical equipment (4%), vehicles (3%), plastic products (2%), aluminum products (2%)

Re-exports

124 bn USD

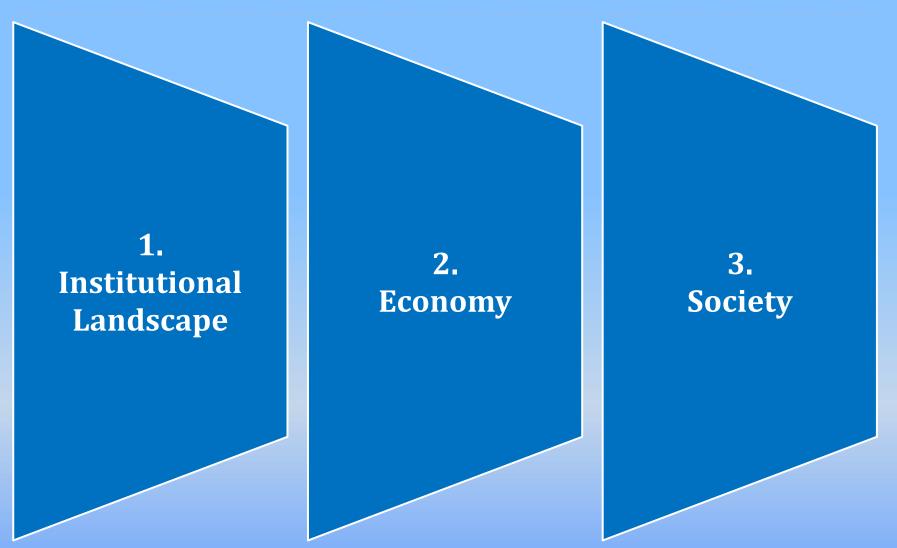
• Electrical equipment and materials (25%), precious stones, metals and jewelry (19%), mechanical equipment (13%), vehicles (9%), fossil fuel (4%), essential oils and cosmetics (3%)

Imports

347 bn USD (Greece: 77 bn)

• Precious stones, metals and jewelry (21%), electrical equipment and materials (12%), petroleum products (11%), mechanical equipment (8%), vehicles (5%), pharmaceuticals (2%), plastic products (2%)

Main Features of the UAE Market



1. Institutional Landscape

The UAE is a member of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC), which forms a Customs Union with a common external tariff of 5% (with some exceptions).

- Political stability
- The most open economy in the GCC
- Fierce competition from S. Arabia.

Recent policy measures:

- VAT 5% (2018)
- introduction of a corporate tax (9%) from 2023, but also
- scrapping the requirement for a local partner with 51% in a domestic company, thus allowing overseas investors 100% ownership
- relaxing of visa requirements for staying in the country.

2. Economy

The UAE and especially Dubai is an important international trade hub for the markets of the Middle East, South Asia, North and South Africa, hosting world-class trade fairs.

Highly competitive market

- Strong focus on pricing
- Quality consistency reliability professionalism
- Persistence for successful placement

A critical step to market entry success is finding the right local agent or distributor.

3. Society

Population 10 MM

13% Emiratis

Majority of the population from the Indian sub-continent

Arabic/Local Culture

Focus on building reliable and friendly relationships with business partners

Respect and compliance with Islamic customs and local rules (product labelling, halal certification)



Greece - UAE Strategic Partnership

Starting Point: February 2020

1st Strategic Cooperation Forum (Feb. 2020)

2nd Strategic Cooperation Forum (July 2020)

Joint Declaration of Strategic Partnership (July 2020)

Joint Action Plan

Signing of 4 MoUs (tourism, digital cooperation, international development, cultural and creative industries, SMEs)

Agreement with ADQ for 4 bn Euro Investments (May 2022)

Steering Committee ADQ-HDBI for identifying investment projects

Participation of ADQ in prop-tech Blueground (Dec. 2022)



Bilateral Trade in Goods Greece - UAE 2022

Greek exports to the UAE: €353 MM

-Reduction (-3%) mainly due to the decrease in petroleum products' exports.

-Increase (17%) without petroleum products

Greek imports from the UAE: €128 MM (-18%)

Total Value of Bilateral Trade in Goods 2022: €481 MM (-8%)

Surplus of €224 MM

UAE 32nd most important market for Greek products.

Bilateral trade in goods is significantly affected by volatile flows in petroleum products.



Main Greek Exports to the UAE (2021)

Category HS2	MM Euros	Share %
1. Petroleum products (27)	69	20%
2. Tobacco products (24): cigarettes	36	10%
3. Mechanical equipment (84): machinery, water heaters, water purifiers, elevators, etc.	35	10%
4. Marbles (68)	24	7%
5. Aluminum products (76)	24	7%
6. Measuring and precision instruments and devices (90)	18	5%
7. Electrical equipment (85): telephone apparatus	16	5%
8. Furskins and artificial fur (43)	11	3%
9. Various products from base metals (83)	8	2%
10. Pharmaceuticals (30)	8	2%
TOTAL	353	

Source: ELSTAT

Note: In 2021, exports of services reached €770 MM (mainly shipping,

tourism) (Source: BoG)



Greek Products with a Strong Presence or Prospects in the UAE Market



> Building materials: marbles, aluminum products, paints



> Pharmaceuticals - Cosmetics



> Tobacco products



> Foodstuff



> Electrical equipment



Measuring & precision instruments & devices



Greek Business Presence in the UAE

Strong presence at Trade Fairs:

National Pavilions:

- The Big5 Show
 - Gulfood
- Arabian Travel Market
 - Hotelshow - IDEX

300 Greek-owned Companies, mainly in the following sectors:

- shipping
- constructions
 - trade

High number of promotional activities:

Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Enterprise Greece, Ministry of Agricultural Development & Food, Ministry of Tourism/GNTO, Regions, Private Entities

UAE Market: Key Takeaways

- The UAE is a major business hub that presents significant opportunities as well as challenges, with the most significant challenge being the highly competitive business environment.
- In order to beat the competition, companies should have comparative advantages such as high quality, sufficient quantities, reliability, lower prices or innovative product.
- Business culture in the UAE relies on personal relationship. Therefore, in order to build and maintain business and personal ties, participation in trade fairs is highly recommended.
- Choosing a reliable and well-connected local partner is of critical importance.
- Finally, although the UAE culturally are more liberal than other Gulf states, sensitivity to local traditions and Islamic beliefs remains strong.



Thank you for your attention!



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